Attributes of Ethical Leadership and Ethical Guidelines in Malaysian Public Sector

M. Norazamina, A. Azizah, Y. Najihah Marha, A. Suraya

Abstract-Malaysian Public Sector departments or agencies are responsible to provide efficient public services with zero corruption. However, corruption continues to occur due to the absence of ethical leadership and well-execution of ethical guidelines. Thus, the objective of this paper is to explore the attributes of ethical leadership and ethical guidelines. This study employs a qualitative research by analyzing data from interviews with key informers of public sector using conceptual content analysis (NVivo11). The study reveals eight attributes of ethical leadership which are role model, attachment, ethical support, knowledgeable, discipline, leaders' spirituality encouragement, virtue values and shared values. Meanwhile, five attributes (guidelines, communication, check and balance, concern on stakeholders and compliance) of ethical guidelines are identified. These identified attributes should become the ethical identity and ethical direction of Malaysian Public Sector. This could enhance the public trust as well as the international community trust towards the public sector.

Keywords-Check and balance, ethical guidelines, ethical leadership, public sector, spirituality encouragement

I. INTRODUCTION

PUBLIC sector refers to the entities that exist and people employed for public purpose [1]. These entities consist of a number of different forms of organization. Public sector in New Zealand consists of public sector, state sector, state service and public services [2]. Meanwhile, Malaysia has five categories of public sector organizations which are state departments, federal departments, statutory bodies, local authorities and district and land office. Public sector organizations located in whatever countries are meant to provide efficient and ethical public services. In other words, they must hold high level of integrity. However, in reality if the public sector organizations are not well managed, integrity may be easily violated and this resulted to corruption as reported in Sweden [3] and India [4]. Malaysia had also experienced public sector financial scandals such as PKFZ [5], 1MDB Corporation and Tabung Haji [6], [7]. These financial scandals have received attention from the public and media.

Mainstream newspapers have reported on the misbehavior of some members of the Federation Department, Local Authorities, State Department, Statutory Bodies and Land and District Office [8]-[10]. These blunders have raised questions of the effectiveness of government agencies or departments in the form of human capital and regulation in further combating such corruption. It is quite upsetting to have these members involved in immoral activities that affect the quality life of Malaysian citizens. These cases signified that some members of the Malaysian Public Sector were unable to uphold ethical conduct and comply with the ethics regulation. Leaders who cannot set a good example and who cannot establish wellexecute ethical guidelines may affect the Malaysian Public Sector's image. It represents lacking of an enforcement mechanism and weak ethical culture. If these are not to be prevented internally, it would prolong the negative perceptions towards the Malaysian Public Sector. Therefore, initial precaution efforts in preventing crime and corruption should start by the leaders of public sector that is to sound ethical practices through well written and executed ethical guidelines.

The Malaysian Public Sector needs to have ethical leadership and ethical guidelines which are two important ethics elements towards self-identity precautionary. In addition, this identity will enhance ethical self-governance and secure the public trust. Ethical leadership with well execute ethical guidelines will assist the government agencies or departments to execute precaution monitoring and surveillance aspect of their management in avoiding mismanagement or misconduct or corruption.

The objectives of this paper are:

- (a) to explore the attributes of ethical leadership in the public sector.
- (b) to explore the attributes of ethical guidelines in the public sector

II. METHODOLOGIES

This study employs a qualitative research by analyzing data from interviews with key informers of the public sector using conceptual content analysis (NVivo11). Criterion purposive sampling was used. Four government agencies were selected on the basis of their well-known identity of ethical practices. Selected personnel, referred to as key informers (KI) with relevant experience and knowledge of the subject matters under study were interviewed from a statutory body, local authority, state department and federation department. The total KI interviewed was 31. The KIs from each government agencies or departments were interviewed by the researchers using protocol questions and was recorded manually using the

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field notes. The recording is organized chronologically using both tacit and explicit information. The researchers' involvement during the interview is for validity and reliability purposes.

The data is analyzed by performing conceptual content analysis using NVivo11 software. This is to determine the attributes/themes in the ethical leadership and ethical guidelines. Thus, this analysis concurs ethical leadership and ethical guidelines as valid concepts to be developed under the organizational ethical self-identity precautionary model.

III. LITERATURE REVIEWS

A review of the literature suggests that wrongdoings of personnel in any organization are due to the absence of ethical leadership [11], [12] and ethical guidelines or code of ethics [13], [14]. According to [15], ethical leadership is someone who has the ability to be a role model, uphold moral behaviors and have a good relationship with organizational members. If ethical leadership is ignored, it may have a negative impact on the workforce and the organization. Lack of ethical leadership will put organization at risk. Leaders who cannot act ethically will create and cause potential ethical problems such as fraud and corruption.

One of the characteristics to be an ethical business organization is leadership [16]. An organization is ethical when its leaders demonstrate ethical practices in any situation. This leadership should be able to make ethical choices in all areas of the decision-making process, and by doing so, can successfully create an ethical culture in the organization. Only leaders can ensure an ethical system is in good tact, practical and implementable. In other words, leaders are the heart and soul of an organization, and thus, are in the position to support ethical conduct in their organizations through the establishment of ethical guidelines. Ethical guidelines or code of ethics is a formal written statement to portray ethical practices of organizations that monitors and influences the employees' ethical behavior [17] and prevent fraud [18]. Ethical guidelines reflect the attitude of an organization, which come from the heart and soul of the organization. The literature concurs that a leader with ethical leadership is one who shows a good example (role models), communicates the importance of ethical standards or ethical guidelines, ensures employees are accountable to those standards or guidelines and creates a good working environments [16]. Thus, government agencies or departments need ethical leadership and ethical guidelines as an internal solution to uphold ethical self-identity which will subsequently improve the employees' behavior or conduct or decision. An organization that cultivates ethics through behaviors (ethical leadership) and rules (ethical guidelines) will earn respect and trust from its employees, customers, suppliers and the public. As a result, public sector organizations with ethical leadership and ethical guidelines will be able to improve their services performances and productivity.

Ethical leadership is not only about setting a good example but also to stimulate ethical conduct of employees by having a sound understanding of the ethical quality and ethical progress of the organization [19]. Leadership by example and the guidelines to be followed are the most crucial factors of the best conduct of the government that leads to ethical employees. Ethical leadership and ethical guidelines lead to positive outcomes such as emulate appropriate behavior, influence employees to be accountable for their conduct and influence quality ethical decisions [20]. Having ethical leadership and ethical guidelines should restore trust toward the organization.

According to [21], ethical conduct of an organization will be higher if leaders and organizational norms encourage and support ethical conduct, as highlighted in the ethical guidelines by rewarding ethical conduct and punishing unethical conduct among employees. A study by [22] revealed that ethical leadership had a significant positive effect on both the measurement of leadership behavior: organizational directed and individual directed. The study concludes that the leader with high ethical values enables to inculcate more helping behavior through reciprocal exchange among employees. While a study by [17] has highlighted ethical guidelines or code of ethics can be effective mechanism to promote ethical behaviour. On that remark, through ethical leadership and ethical guidelines, ethical culture will be created which consequently leads to increasing trust towards the public sector and continuous survival of the public sector.

IV. FINDINGS

The number of KI interviewed in this study is shown in Table I. KIs are the manager/head of department/unit in the respective statutory body (SB), local authority (LA), federation department (FD) and state department (SD).

TABLE I Number of Key Informers According to Four Categories of Public Sector

	SB	LA	FD	SD
No. of Key Informers	110	66	99	6

The findings of this study have similarities with the outline given by [23] related to ethical leadership. The KIs in this study have highlighted eight attributes of ethical leadership which are role model, attachment, ethical support, knowledgeable, disciplined, leaders' spirituality encouragement, virtue values and shared values, as shown in Fig. 1.

According to [23] cited in [24], ethical leadership is about model ethical behavior, where a leader must adhere to high ethical standards, treats others with respect and authenticity, willing to talk honestly about ethical choices in working life, adopt transparency in decision-making and communications, recognize and reward examples of ethical behavior and treats ethics as an ongoing learning journey. This study found similar attributes when the KIs indicate ethical leadership is concerning that of role model, attachment, ethical support, knowledgeable, disciplined, virtue values and shared values. This study found one additional attribute which was not discussed in the literature, which is the leaders' spirituality

International Journal of Business, Human and Social Sciences ISSN: 2517-9411 Vol:12, No:1, 2018

encouragement. The coverage of ethical leadership attributes is shown in Table II.

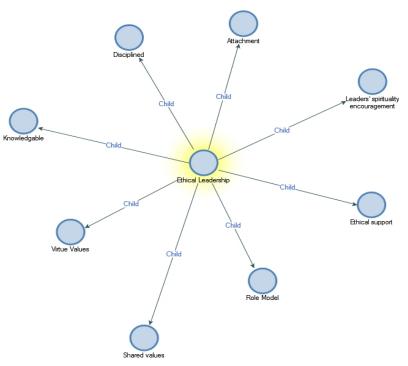


Fig. 1 Attributes of ethical leadership

TABLE II Coverage of Ethical Leadership Attributes		
Attributes	Explanation/Sub attributes	
Role Model	Ethical by example	
	a. Ethical Values by example	
	b. Self-behavior by example	
	c. Proper/Accurate execution by	
	example	
Attachment	Communication	
	a. Firm messages/statement	
	b. Clear instructions	
	c. Direct Interaction/	
	Acknowledgement	
	Concern	
	a. Caring	
	b. Consideration	
	c. Understandable	
	Approachability	
	a. Willing to listen	
	b. Willing to learn	
	 Willing to give and take 	
Ethical support	 Consistent ethics reminder 	
Etinear support	 b. Against immoral activities 	
Knowledgeable	a.Works related knowledge	
	b.Relevant related knowledge	
Disciplined	Control of one's behavior and actions	
	 Understand company's objectives/aims 	
	 Understand own work 	
	c. Be Strict	
Virtue values	d. Follow rules	
	Responsible, independent view, competency, be	
	neutral, firm, honest and hold to religion.	
	Accountability, teamwork, customer focused,	
Shared values	continuous improvement, good governance,	
	confidentiality, integrity, transparent.	
Leaders' Spirituality	Holistic and inter connected	
Encouragement		

According to the KIs interviewed, the element of ethics practiced in each area/unit/section/department with complete ethical guidelines or code of ethics is still in progress. KIs agree that ethical guidelines or code of ethics have five attributes which are guidance, communication, check and balance, concerns of stakeholders and compliance, which is shown in Fig. 2.

The detail coverage of ethical guidelines attributes is shown in Table III.

TABLE III				
COVERAGE OF ETHICAL GUIDELINES ATTRIBUTES				
Attributes	Explanation/Sub attributes			
Guidance	Statement of Policy (Integrity, No Gift) Workplace Requirement Employees Values			
Communication	Formal Up-Front			
Check and Balance	Preventive Minimize pressure			
Concern of stakeholders	Customer Public			
Compliance	Follow procedures Firmed Regulation			

V.CONCLUSION

Great ethical attention given to the leader and organization's guidelines will ensure members are able to uphold high moral ideals and ethical standards, and impact Malaysia in becoming a nation of integrity.

Ethical leadership and ethical guidelines provide directions and guidance to society and the nation at large according to the aspiration stated by Malaysian Institute of Integrity through its National Integrity Plan (NIP).

International Journal of Business, Human and Social Sciences ISSN: 2517-9411 Vol:12, No:1, 2018

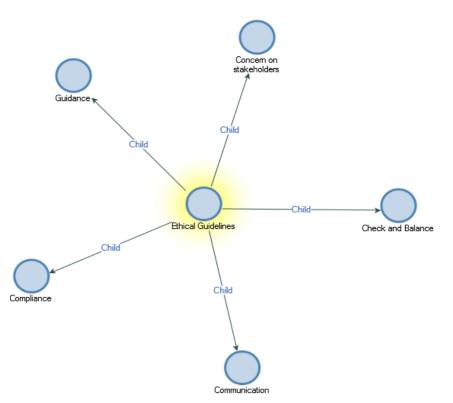


Fig. 2 Attributes of ethical guidelines (code of ethics)

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Author thanks Malaysian Ministry of Higher Education (KPT) for the financial support.

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International Journal of Business, Human and Social Sciences ISSN: 2517-9411 Vol:12, No:1, 2018

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